

ALEKO – ON LINE

Issue . 90 , year 5 , November 18, 2013

School life

November 16

INTERNATIONAL DAY OF TOLERANCE

On 16 November 1996 the General Assembly has adopted Declaration of Principles on Tolerance .

Article 1 is the definition of what **tolerance** is.

Tolerance is respect , acceptance and understanding of the rich diversity of cultures in our world and the forms of self-expression and the ways of manifestation of human individuality. It is supported by knowledge , openness , communication and freedom of thought, conscience and belief .

Tolerance - it is harmony in variety. This is not only a moral duty but also a political and legal requirement . Tolerance - the virtue which makes achievement of peace and contributes to the replacement of the culture of war by a culture of peace. Everyone is individual, each person is valuable. His sworn law is to be respected . Diversity in the world teaches us to be tolerant, it shows us how colorful life can be and how many ways there are to express ourselves.

These are our rules calling for tolerance:

Recognize the different people from you!

Do not be indifferent!

Have patience, kindness and understanding!

Make sure you're sincere, friendly, reserved and easygoing!

If you look for the good in everyone, you will find it in yourself.

This is to be a man!

We can be tolerant to differences , but we are unwilling to tolerate aggressive

manifestations of some of our classmates and bullying among children , so we start :

Information campaign of school parliament

What does BULLYING among peers mean ?

Dear readers, there have been a lot of talks lately about how aggressive children are today, how many adults find it difficult to teach us how to resolve conflicts peacefully and to react calmly in difficult situations.

We would like to help as we conduct an information campaign through the school newspaper and introduce all the students, teachers and parents with the term "harassment". Not everyone knows what this word means and what groups of behavior it is concerned. But we think everyone knows that harassing someone deliberately is unacceptable. We urge everyone to read the information that we have chosen to be vigilant and communicate to their teachers and parents if they witnessed or were bullied at school or outside school. If we all unite around the idea to be benevolent and tolerant between each other, we will deal successfully with the problem called "peer harassment".

Bullying in school among peers means:

First, when a child or group of children deliberately mistreat another child who is weaker and can not defend himself, eg: annoying him, insulting him, mocking him, calling him indecent nicknames pushing, hitting, kicking or threatening him, taking his stuff, blackmailing, closing him in the room or doing other unpleasant things.

Harassment is also when about a child are written offensive things, on the blackboard, the walls, or malicious gossips and rumours are invented and spread out or when other children deliberately exclude him from the games, or they do not want to talk or do anything with him.

Harassment is when all that is done not only once but it has been repeated many times for a long time.

Harassment differs from the conflicts, quarrels or fights at school occurring among children at approximately one and the same age.

SCHOOL FOR PARENTS

WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT EDUCATION

Authoritative style. Parents, who maintain this style of education, set rules and ensure compliance. However, they explain and discuss with their children the meaning of these rules, listen to them and understand them. These parents are strict but fair, they support rather than punish. They require their children to defend their positions, to be socially responsible and independent.

Authoritarian style. These parents establish rules that must be adhered to any cost. Failure leads to penalties. They do not explain or discuss methods and rules. "You have to do this because I say so".

Easygoing style. It is opposite of authoritarian style. These parents often have requirements to their children and rarely discipline them. They avoid conflicts and often retreat to children's whims. They do not expect mature behavior. The relations of children with this type of parents resemble more friendly rather than the relationship between a parent and a child.

Children of authoritative parents are mostly happy, capable and successful.

Children who have been brought from authoritarian parents are often submissive and strict. They have a lower social competence jurisdiction, a low self-esteem, and are often unhappy.

Conciliatory style of education usually leads to the behavior of low self-control . These children are often dissatisfied with life, have a poor performance in school and have problems complying with rules not only at home but outside home, too.

Zdravka Petrova - guidance counselor by materials from the Internet

ECOLOGY

Reserves in Bulgaria

S R E B A R N A

The biosphere reserve is near the village of Srebarna located 2 km south of the Danube River and 16 km west of Silistra, on an area of 600 ha. It covers Silver Lake and the territories around it. Its fame is connected , on the one hand, the fact that it is just on the way of the migratory birds from Europe to Africa -VIA Pontika and, on the other hand, the unique and various types of waterfowl in it .

The reserve is included in the "Man and Biosphere " World Network Biosphere Reserves Program of UNESCO and in the list of Important Bird Areas in Europe. The reserve there is a Natural museum, where preparative inhabitants of the lake can be seen. Another interesting tourist attraction is a the opportunity to observe birds by means of a video camera that is put in the lake. An eco trail is an opportunity where visitors can enjoy beautiful views from specially constructed watching sites or can rest in the pavilions for recreation .

Silver Lake is a really impressive natural object. It is not accidentally included in the list of A Hundred National Tourist Sites of the Bulgarian Tourist Union.

Srebarna has been entered in the Register of Protected areas by a Decree of the Ministry.

Ivan Ganev – a teacher of Geography

CHESS

REPLY OF THE TASK from issue 89:

1. Oe5! Dd8 (Db7? 2. Of6 #) 2. Da8

1-0

NEW TASK

Whites on move win:

Dimitar Ilchev - Head of the Chess Club

SECURITY

The security of the school is carried out by "Informa" - LTD.

Last week there are no recorded incidents.

REFERENDUM

NOTICE

The Management Board of "Carnegie "School Trustees of " Aleko Konstantinov" school - Plovdiv , pursuant to Art . 26 NPLEA convene a General Meeting of Trustees on 26/11/2013 at 5.30 PM in their the Exhibition Hall of the Society of Plovdiv Artists - "Gladstone " str. with the following agenda:

1. Adoption of the report of the Board ;
- 2 . Election of a new Board of Directors ;
- 3 . Adopting a program of activities of the School board .